Benefits of the Mozambique Gas Development Project

The development of the Mozambique Gas Development Project represents an economic opportunity that could be transformational for the economy of Mozambique by allowing the country to become one of the world’s leading LNG exporting countries.

The Project is committed to working to ensure its operations generate and support tangible socio-economic benefits for the people of Mozambique. Potential benefits generated by the development of the Project include:

- Substantial tax and profit-sharing revenues for Mozambique, contributing substantially to the country’s Gross National Product
- Significant foreign exchange income from external markets and future gas supplies for industrial and domestic development in Mozambique
- Infrastructure and quality-of-life improvements for Mozambique’s people
- Possibility for long-term technology and knowledge transfer, bringing economic development and improving the quality of life for its inhabitants
- Direct and indirect employment opportunities for Mozambicans
- Significant, long-term foreign direct investment.
Aligning Project Benefits with Ministry of Mineral Resources growth priorities

The potential benefits generated by the Project are in line with Mozambique’s Poverty Reduction Action Plan (PARP), 2011 to 2014, that emphasizes the need for sustained economic growth as a means of reducing poverty.

The strategy, policies and practices of the Ministry for Mineral Resources supports the PARP’s goals of economic growth, and the direct and indirect benefits generated by the Project will contribute to achieve these goals:

- Ensure sustainable exploration and development of mineral resources
- The industrial development of the country and the local utilization of its mineral resources
- Add value to mineral resources through in-country processing
- Promote partnerships including the participation of Mozambican private enterprises in the mineral resources sector
- Build and maintain investment attractiveness in Mozambique
- Training and institutional strengthening.