Minutes
of the Public Consultation in Scope of the Elaboration of the Resettlement Plan in the
Village of Palma

SECOND PUBLIC CONSULTATION

“RESETTLEMENT LOCATION DESIGN, HOUSE MODEL, VILLAGE
MODELS AND INTEGRATION OF HOST COMMUNITIES”

Under the terms of the provisions contained in number 3 of article 23 of Decree nr.
31/2012, dated 8th August, which approves the Regulation regarding the
Resettlement Process Resulting from Economic Activities, on the fourteenth day of
August of the year two thousand and fourteen, a consultation meeting was held in Palma
Sede, Locality of Mute, Administrative Post of Palma Sede, District of Palma, with the
single agenda of seeking the community’s opinion regarding the “Resettlement
Location Design, House Model, Village Models and Integration of the Host
Communities”. __________________________________________

The meeting was chaired by Mr. Pedro Romão Jemusse, as the Administrator of the
District of Palma and included the participation of the following entities:
__________________________________________________________

From the Government Body of the District of Palma: Mr. Amade Omar Mpoto – Head
of the Locality of Mute; Mr. Carlos Paulo – Representative of the District Services for
Economic Activities (SDAE); Mrs. Verónica Pancrácio – Director of the District
Services for Planning and Infrastructures;__________________________________________________________
From the Government of Cabo Delgado Province: Mr. Policarpo Napica – Provincial Director for Coordination of Environmental Action (DPCA); Mrs. Manuela Magos – Delegate of the National Petroleum Institute; Mr. Tiago Cherene, Head of the Provincial Services of Geography and Land Register; Mr. Felizardo Roque – Technician of the Provincial Directorate of Public Works and Habitation; Manuel Daniel – Provincial Delegate of the Institute for the Development of Small-Scale Fishing

From the Central Government: Mrs. Ana Isabel Senda – National Director of Estate and Territorial Planning (MICOA) and Head of the Resettlement Monitoring and Supervision Committee; Mr. Zefanius Chitsungo – National Director of Housing and Town Planning (MOPH) and member of the Resettlement Monitoring and Supervision Committee; Mrs. Lídia Abiba Massalana – Advisor to the Ministry of Fisheries; Mr. Silvano Langa – Advisor to the Minister of State Administration; Mr. Flávio Mulando – Head of the Department of Local State Bodies (MAE); Mr. Salvador Jossias – Head of the Survey Department, replacing the National Director of Land and Forestry (MINAG), member of the Technical Resettlement Monitoring and Supervision Committee.

Project proponents:

Anadarko Moçambique Área 1, Limitada (AMA1) represented by Mr. Alcídio Mauisse – Director of Government Relations and Social Matters, Mr. Alexandre Jossias – Director of the Environment and Safety in the Workplace.

Eni East Africa SpA Moçambique represented by Mr. Herculano Vilanculo and António Vasco – Social Projects.


From the Civil Society, represented by the Provincial Union of Farmers of Cabo Delgado, MPESCAS-Palma, CCP – Palma, STV – Television, Christian Council of Mozambique, NCC Moç Lda, Centro Terra Viva (CTV), Iniciativa de Terras Comunitárias (ITC) e the Centro de Estudos de Comunicação Sekelekeane.
From the community which was represented by approximately one hundred and forty eight people, among them men, youth, children and community leaders, with emphasis on the participation of approximately 45% of women.

The meeting began at fifteen minutes passed nine. The Administrator welcomed all Delegations, including the Central, Provincial and District Government. During the introduction of the members of the District’s advisory council these individuals stood up. The Administrator then asked the representatives of the Provincial Government and the Central Bodies to introduce themselves. The same procedure was requested from the representatives of the companies Anadarko and eni, and subsequently to those present from the civil society.

This is the second round of the public consultation meeting that commenced on Monday in Senga, Maganja, Quitupo and today in Palma Sede, it is aimed at the preparation of the Resettlement Action Plan, useful for our communities. The Administrator asked the population to be attentive to the matters to be dealt with. We intend to gather the most contributions and recommended that there be no dominance and ask that the participants are quick when using the microphone.

The master of ceremonies, Mr. Inocêncio Maganha, requested that Mr. Pedro Wate, in representation of the proponent, proceed with the presentation.

Mr. Pedro Wate addressed the participants and informed that during the first Public Consultation meeting the areas of total exclusion had been presented, where people should not reside as they are inadequate in terms of safety. He explained and mentioned some activities such as the population census at the level of the project’s influential zones; asset survey; socio-economic study; studies specialized in the various areas as being preparation for the compensation packages. The site teams conducted visits to the areas of the resettlement host communities, involving the local leadership, members of the Community Resettlement Committees and influential people from the affected communities.

He mentioned that during the consultation process between the field teams and the communities Quitupo had selected Quitunda and Senga had accepted to welcome their brothers to lodge in Quitunda, and that during the second meeting the village design would be presented, its structure, layout, and will include support services, administration, commerce, Complete Primary School (EPC), playground, leisure
pavilion, community centre for learning and development of skills, including initiatives for income generation. During the presentation Mr. Pedro Wate presented descriptive maps and house models. He added that the houses will include electricity and a water supply system. Mr. Pedro Wate confirmed that he is working with the Government to approve the house model. The Quitunda community will receive equivalent treatment to that of the resettled community. To close off he asked for comments and contributions.

Mr. Alcido Maússe presented his comment as follows:

- The Quitupo community has been informed of the objective of the Liquefied Natural Gas plant that is in Quitupo.

- New houses must be built in Quitunda to host the community of Quitupo. A village of plus minus five hundred or six hundred houses will be built. The village will include brick houses, a health centre, a bus terminal, a fish market and other facilities.

- No one will lose out; the current homes will be replaced by improved homes.

- The affected machambas will receive replacement areas.

- Some people are being trained at Depot (Training Centre). Jobs will be available for the construction of the plant.

- No one will be resettled before receiving new homes and the affected families will follow-up the process.

Mr. Inocêncio Maganha commented as follows:

- The Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) has two phases: 1. Planning; 2. Implementation. We are now in the planning phase and thus we need to gather issues, contributions and suggestions that will be taken into account during the preparation of the RAP.

Once the presentation was conclude the master of ceremonies, Mr. Inocêncio Maganha, invited the participants to present comments and suggestions that will improve the proposal of the Resettlement Plan.
The participants expressed their opinion/comments regarding the subject matter of the meeting as follows:

1. Mrs. Sabina Miguel Valombe expressed her opinion as follows:

   - The houses are beautiful. The major concern is the kitchen to be built outside with local material. What will happen during the rainy season?
   - One cannot combine electricity with firewood. I propose the construction of a kitchen with conventional material.

2. Mrs. Consolata Maze, expressed her concern as follows:

   - I like the houses. I reside in Quitupo and my husband has 3 wives. Will they all reside in the same house?
   - Will there be a house available for someone that comes from Pundanhar area and owns nothing in Quitupo?

3. Mr. Sufiane Momede, member of the consultative council, expressed his concern as follows:

   - Who will settle the electricity and water expenses?
   - Will the disabled also have access to a home?
   - Who will assist orphans whose parents pass away in the resettlement area?

4. Mr. Luis Salimo, community leader of the Incularino neighbourhood, expressed his concern as follows:

   - If a person is uneducated will she or he not be entitled to what is his or hers?
   - Many people that reside in Palma own assets in Quitupo. A Resettlement Committee should be created in Palma.
   - Is it that in Palma we have no ranks? Many high ranked people are coming to Palma but we want no conflicts. If you have a disagreement with the
company then solve it, but let Palma develop. We want to develop like the city of Beira.

5. Mrs. Rosa Albino expressed her opinion as follows:
   - The people of Palma are very lucky.
   - Many foreigners are buying land, our assets but want to pay very little. If anyone wishes to sell their assets, then they should sell freely.

6. Mr. Saíde Alberto, member of the consultative council, expressed his concern as follows:
   - I thank the Central, Provincial and District Government. The Government is communicating well with the company but some people want to destroy this effort. Some of these people are from Palma.

7. Mr. José Miguel expressed his concern as follows:
   - I thank Anadarko for the understanding it holds with the Government and the community.
   - Anadarko has indicated the areas available for the population. However, foreigners are purchasing big plots, some of which already have landmarks, but they have not spoken to the owners who own machambas. An example of these demarcations is from the river Namalala up to Pundanhar, which already belongs to someone called Papá.
   - Where will the population open their machambas?
   - The new generations will have no area for their machambas!

8. Mr. Tomás Viera Mário, journalist, expressed his concern as follows:
   - What were the motives for the selection of the resettlement site (Quitunda)?
   - What other villages were proposed?
   - Why is resettlement taking place in an existing community?
   - When will the minutes be read?
• Crucial issues such as compensation, which are to be discussed during the third round of public consultations, we propose that the technical documentation be circulated in advance so that the population affected may participate knowingly.

9. Mrs. Alda Salomão, Centro Terra Vida (CTV), expressed her opinion as follows:

   • I want to emphasize what has been expressed; we must make certain that during the implementation of the project all conflicts have been reduced.
   
   • Ensure that all concerns, issues raised by the communities, are received, responded and taken into account.

   • The members of the Palma community are responsible for guaranteeing that the project is well implemented. The map reveals that there is a project that intends to occupy land, this involves a licensing process.

   • Resettlement does not only involve housing but also the populations' rights.

   • What rights will the resettled population be entitled to?

   • I recommend that we discuss land occupation and other related issues.
Mr. Alexandre Jossias commented as follows:

- On behalf of Anadarko and eni I thank you for welcoming the project.
- I do not agree that people that are uneducated are ignorant. Since the project has started we have gained wisdom from the population.
- The population of Quitupo did not wish to be distant from the project area, but in the area.
- The community rights will be protected. That is the grounds for the asset survey.
- If an individual has three wives the second and third wife will be taken into account, they will be entitled to a home to guarantee the rights of women and children.
- The expansion area will have approximately 250 plots.
- Quitunda is the village that will be constructed and will host the current fifteen families.
- The main reason for the selection of Quitunda is to maintain the social structure intact, the selection of an area with low population density, and where traditions will not be affected.
- The project acknowledges that not only Quitupo will be affected. Palma, Maganja, Pemba, the entire nation has to benefit from the project.
- Public consultations are not only useful to gather questions but also to collect financial assistance to help improve the process.
- In relation to the treatment of graves, the project will discuss individually with each family.
- The reasons for the transfer are, among others, the associated risk of security and explosions.
- The pioneer camp will be destroyed once the plant is constructed, no one will reside in the area.
- The staff's residences will be outside the project area.
- In relation to the maintenance of the house: the houses will be of good quality, we will not handover houses that will require maintenance within a week.
- Resettlement is a means to develop the community, to guarantee that the population has an improved standard of living, get jobs in the project, and have
community projects and new businesses.

• We will be neighbours forever and when we have problems in the plant we will ask for assistance.

• In relation to the minutes of the meetings these will be signed by the local representatives and affixed within a period of five days in the communities of Senga, Quitupo and Maganja.

• I order to prepare for subsequent consultations; the issues of the public meetings should be discussed in advance with the members of the committees, local leadership and influential individuals.

• The house model has been decided 6 months ago with MICOA, DNAPOT, DPOPH, including the affected communities to gather contributions.

Mrs. Yarina Martins commented as follows:

• The objective of the census and the asset survey is to identify the number of families, type of assets affected by the project both physically (loss of residence) and economically (loss of source of income).

• In Quitupo the families have asked for the census to be initiated and subsequently the asset survey.

• Not only people from Quitupo, Senga and Maganja have assets inside the project area.

• In Palma 490 households were registered during the census.

At the end of the Question and Answer session the Administrator addressed the participants and presented his closing remarks:

He thanked everyone's participation, in particular those that posed questions and those that responded. We are interested in a good quality resettlement plan and we are counting on everyone's collaboration. This is a complex process and we have to make sure we know how to carry it out.

Our communities are prepared to receive contributions and recommendations of anyone. What we do not agree with is that some people echo what we say.
We have information from the community about the pamphlet that has not been read. If mistakes were committed let us forget those, let us ensure that future processes are better implemented. ______

The decisions taken are considerate. __________________________

To close off the meeting the Administrator thanked the members of the central, provincial and district government, AMA1, eni, civil society and the members of the District Consultative Council. ______

Having nothing further to discuss the consultation meeting was concluded at thirty five minutes past one o'clock in the afternoon and the present minutes of the Second Public Consultation on the Resettlement Location Design, House Model, Village Models and Integration of Host Communities, within the scope of the Gas Development Project in the Rovuma Basin, in Mozambique. The meeting was held in the village of Palma. The present minutes is signed and witnessed by the representatives of the State, the proponents and the community representatives.

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Mr. Pedro Romão Jemusse
(District Administrator)

Mr. Amade Omar Mpoto
(Chief of the Locality of Mute)
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<td>Mr. Luis Salimo</td>
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| Mr. Awaze Saide                             |
| (Community Leader of Quelimane Neighbourhood) |
| Mr. Bacar Ali Mbale                         |
| (Community Leader of Quilaua Neighbourhood)  |

| Mr. Saide Tarize                           |
| Mr. Nacir Selemane                         |
| (Community Leader of Bagala Neighbourhood) | (Community Leader of Muă Neighbourhood) |