

REPUBLIC OF MOZAMBIQUE

PROVINCE OF CABO DELGADO

GOVERNMENT OF THE PALMA DISTRICT

MINUTES OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION MEETING WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE PREPARATION OF THE RESETTLEMENT PLAN – SENGA VILLAGE

THIRD PUBLIC CONSULTATION

On the eighteenth day of August of the year two thousand and fifteen, in accordance with the provisions set forth in paragraph 3 of art. 23 of Decree 31/2012, dated 8th August, which approves the Regulations on the Resettlement Process Resulting from Economic Activities, the Third Consultation Meeting was held with the Community of the Senga Village, Locality of Mute, Administrative Post of Palma Sede, District of Palma, with the following agenda:

- I. Status of the surveys (registration of people and asset survey)
- II. Presentation of the entitlement framework (proposed compensation package)

The meeting was chaired by Mr. Pedro Romão Jemusse, Administrator of the Palma District and was attended by the following individuals:

On behalf of the Government of the Palma District: Mr. Abdul Piconês - Permanent Secretary; Mr. Amade Omar Mpoto – Head of the Mute Locality; Mr. Carlos Paulo – Representative of the District Services for Economic Activities (SDAE); Mrs. Verónica Pancrácio – Director of District

Services for Planning and Infrastructure; Mr. Saíde Assane - Director of Civil Registry and Notary Services and Mr. José Ernesto – Head of Operations of PRM. _____

On behalf of the Government of the Cabo Delgado Province: Mr. Ramiro Juni Nguiraze – Provincial Director of Mineral Resources and Energy (DIPREME); Mrs. Ivânia Florência – DIPREME; Mr. Tiago Mirione – Provincial Directorate of Agriculture; Mr. Hélio Brondalo – Provincial Directorate of Agriculture; Mr. Victor Cássimo – DIPREME; Mr. Cássimo Nivale – Provincial Directorate of Gender, Children and Social Welfare; Mr. Manuel Daniel – National Institute for the Development of Small Scale Fisheries.

On behalf of the Central Government: Mr. Arlindo Dgedge – National Director of Territorial Planning and Resettlement; Mrs. Eulália Macome – Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security; Mrs. Mara Bata, Mr. Lázaro Matlava, Mr. Inácio Novela – Ministry of Land, Environment and Rural Development; Mr. Silvano Langa – Ministry of State Administration and Public Service; Mr. Flávio Mulando – Ministry of State Administration and Public Service; Mrs. Abelina Chambule – National Petroleum Institute; Mr. Nélcio Bambo – Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Welfare; Mr. Emídio Raúl André, Mr. Erudito Boavida Malate and Mr. Arménio Neves da Silva – Ministry of the Sea, Inland Waters and Fisheries.

On behalf of the Project Proponents, namely: _____

Anadarko Moçambique Área 1, Limitada (AMA1) represented by: Mr. Alcido Maússe, Director of Government Relations and Social Affairs, Mr. Alexandre Jossias – Environment, Health and Safety Manager, Mr. Sérgio Barros – Resettlement Process Manager; Mrs. Iva Garrido; Mrs. Maria João Hunguana, Mr. Cláudio Foquiço; Mr. Salvador Traquino and Mrs. Alice Madeira, Estevão Mabjaia and Consultants Mrs. Gaye Thompson, Mr. Pedro Wate and Mr. Inocêncio Maganha.

Eni East Africa SpA: Mr. Herculano Vilanculos, Mrs. Carla Pene, Mr. Eurico de Azevedo, a		
Mr. Constantino Matuta.		
Empresa Nacional de Hidrocarbonetos E.P. (ENH): Mr. Julião Nhaquila; Mrs. Neusa Fortes and		
Mrs. Esperança Macovela.		
The meeting was also attended by approximately two hundred and thirty four members of the		
community, including Mr. Tomás Pessa - Community Leader and Mr. Anselmo Yassine -		
Chairman of the Community Resettlement Committee, as well as members of various civil		
society organizations.		
The meeting began at 9:30 AM, with the welcome greetings of the Administrator who then		
invited the representatives of the Government (at the District, Provincial and Central level), of		
ENH, of the project Proponents (Anadarko and Eni), as well as of the civil society organizations		
present to introduce themselves		
After the introductions, the Administrator, in his opening speech, emphasized the meeting's		
objectives and explained to the participants that the Government is eager to improve the quality		
of life of the communities and ensuring that the resettlement process is carried out in the best		
way possible. Similarly, he asked participants to carefully pay attention to the presentation that		
would ensue, and declared the <i>Third Public Consultation Meeting</i> open		
Next, the District Administrator invited the National Director of Territorial Planning and		
Resettlement to make the initial observations.		

The National Director confirmed that the Government considers the Liquefied Natural Gas Project to be a strategic tool for the development of the country, similarly to others that are being implemented. He also emphasized that the Government is aware of the complaints regarding this process and is presently assessing the process to measure potential failures that might have occurred and that at the appropriate time it will render the relevant clarifications. He mentioned that recently a Memorandum of Understanding was signed between the Government (represented by the Minister of Land, Environment and Rural Development) and Anadarko, which establishes the commitment of both parties to protect the rights of the communities affected by the Project. He concluded his intervention by urging the participants to contribute in a constructive manner with issues, ideas and observations in order for the pursued objectives to be attained.

Next, the meeting facilitator invited the Proponent, in the person of Mr. Sergio Barros, to present the agenda of the meeting. This presentation was preceded by a review of the resettlement planning process, including matters discussed in the previous two public consultation meetings.

It was mentioned that certain questions weren't responded to immediately by the Project. During the process these have been gradually responded to and in October 2014 a document was drafted containing the answers to the issues raised during the first and second public consultation meeting. This document was disclosed to the communities and posted in the *Nkutano* and in other visible locations in the community, as well as in the Project's website.

The Proponent proceeded with the presentation of the topics that constituted the meeting's agenda, having addressed the following issues in detail: registration of people and the asset survey; the compensation package, including the eligibility criteria and basis of calculation of the proposed values; the replacement village; the replacement of the livelihoods; and the medium and long term community benefits.

Once the presentation was concluded, the meeting's facilitator invited the participants to present issues, comments and suggestions around the addressed topics.

The meeting's participants expressed themselves regarding the consultation's topic as follows:

Regarding the compensation process, who will be the first to receive the compensation payment? Will it be the Quitupo or the Senga (Quitunda) community? We have heard about a fund to finance projects of the communities affected by the resettlement project. I think that this fund will not benefit those that are disadvantaged, but the other communities instead, for example, Palma. Presently, people are dismissed in the Project in an arbitrary manner. How do you turn up promising employment opportunities? Why is only the construction of the church here in Senga spoken about and not the construction of the mosque? The clinic of the Project's camp does not provide assistance to the local workers; however, when someone falls ill they demand a certificate that often is not accepted.

In response the Proponent said that: ______

The compensation values were defined based on the surveys that were carried out. Therefore, both the first and the last will receive due compensations. It is compulsory by law that those affected should receive the compensations before they suffer the impacts. Therefore, the first to suffer the impacts of the Project will be the first to be compensated. With regard to the fund to finance the community projects, such fund will not be restricted to some communities, all the communities affected by the Project will benefit from this fund. Regarding the employment, the Proponent mentioned being unaware of the reported situation, however committed itself to follow up the matter for its due clarification. The camp's clinic is small and is not able to cover the needs of all the communities. A health center will be built in the future replacement village to benefit all the communities. In relation to the mosques and churches, the Proponent mentioned the possibility of them being built but on the basis of a consultation process with the members of the communities affected by the project.

2.	Mr. Raimundo Tangage, community member: I request that the company presents the costs of the crops and the trees, for example, the coconut trees and the cashew nut trees.		
		In response, the Proponent said that:	
	In relation to the <i>machambas</i> , someone who has, for example, a hectare of maize will be		
	compensated with the value of 180.000Mt. The prices of the trees vary depending on the		
	type of tree. A <i>machamba</i> with no crops will be compensated the value of 80 000Mts.		
	With reference to this matter, the compensation tables of the crops and fruit trees were		
	presented and the respective basis of calculation was explained.		
3.	Mr. Salimo Alberto Assumane, community member: Mentioned being concerned with the		
	areas that are to be compensated. In Senga, peanuts and beans, which are seasonal		
	crops, are more cultivated. Therefore, if the time of the compensation coincides with the		
	postharvest phase, how will this compensation be done? In the event that the people do		
	not want the graves to be disturbed, what will the procedure be?		
	In response the Proponent said that:		
	The compensation will depend on the <i>machamba's</i> stage at the time that it was		
	registered and at the time of the compensation and each one will deserve due attention.		
	The value of the compensation will be defined and paid according to the machamba's		
	area at the time of the compensation, as well as the existing crops. With regards to the		
	graves, their treatment will depend on an individual consultation process with the family		
	members of the deceased.		

4. Mr. Ali Saíde, community member: During the presentation we only heard about the payment of the compensation for our assets and the transfer of houses. We did not hear anything about our poultry houses; will there be compensation for the poultry houses?

	What will the benefit be for the Patacua residents, given that it is one of the areas
	affected by the Project?
	In response, the Proponent said that:
	For the loss of the poultry houses, there will be compensation in the value of 10.000 MT;
	even so, the person affected may transfer all the savage material to the new
	resettlement location. Regarding the second point, the Proponent mentioned that the
	affected communities will benefit from a community fund that will be made available by
	the Project as part of the compensation package. Therefore, Patacua will benefit. In
	addition, the Project will create employment opportunities for the Afungi
	communities
5.	Mr. Crisanto Paulino, community member: We want the development process to not
	start far from here, but rather that it starts here in Senga, as we are the owners of
	Quitunda. Before doing anything for the Quitupo community in Quitunda, something
	should be done for the Senga community so that we may better receive the Quitupo
	community. Senga has two churches and one mosque but we only hear about churches.
	Therefore, three places of worship should be built in Senga, two churches and one
	mosque
	In response, the Proponent said that:
	The priority in the payment of the compensation will depend on the moment of the
	impact, possibly the Senga community, in Quitunda, will be the first to benefit in order to
	make way for the construction of the replacement village. The Senga community will
	have benefits in accordance with the consultations that are held. The construction of
	churches, as well as of mosques, will depend on the result of discussion with the
	communities
6.	Mr. Castro dos Santos, community member:

Will Senga be the last to receive the compensation and benefits from the Project? Taking into account the benefits that the Quitupo people will have, what will the specific benefits for the Senga community be? I suggest that the start of the construction of the houses in Quitunda be simultaneous with the start of the construction works of the infrastructures destined for the Senga community. He suggested that the employment opportunities be divided amongst the Senga and Quitupo residents.

In response, the Proponent reiterated that:
It is very likely that the Senga community be the first to be compensated in view of the
fact that it is the first to suffer the impact of the Project's activities, namely the
construction of the replacement village. The Senga community will have benefits
according to the consultations that are held. In addition, the replacement village will have
a hospital and a school that will serve all the surrounding communities. In relation to
power and other infrastructures outside the resettlement village, the Project may not
make assurances. However, those provisions may be reassessed by the Project once
the village has been constructed given the proximity to the Senga community. With the
construction activities that are fast approaching there will be more employment
opportunities and these will be distributed to the various Afungi
communities
Mr. Amisse Francisco, community member: What will be the treatment of the
machambas that have not been registered because they were not ready?
In response the Proponent said that:
As for the <i>machambas</i> that were not registered, these may still be registered during the
course of the process. The Proponent also emphasized that at the time of the
compensation, a rechecking of the collected data will be carried out, and thus the

communities may continue to develop their activities without any restriction._____

7.

8.	Mr. Casimiro Quiasse, community member: Where will the Tanzanians and those from
	Nacala that reside in the coastal area be resettled to? If a hospital is going to be built in
	Quitunda (Quitupo) one should also be built in Senga
	In response the Proponent said that:
	That concern will be resolved with help from the members of the community, the
	leadership and the community resettlement committees, who are the ones that know
	best the members of their communities. The Proponent reminded that it was the
	members of the community and the respective leaders that facilitated the process of the
	survey/identification of people and assets. The hospital that will be built in Quitunda will
	be big enough to serve all the Afungi communities, including Senga
9.	Mr. Mateus Puicha, community member: Will there not be enough space for the opening
	of <i>machambas</i> within the DUAT area? In the event that the Mondlane area is occupied,
	a consultation forum should be created for the definition of the price to be paid for the
	relinquishing of the area for opening <i>machambas</i> by the Quitupo
	community
	In response, the Proponent said that:
	The Quitupo community will be resettled within the DUAT, a desire that was expressed
	by the community itself at the start of the consultation process. The request that the
	resettlement village be within the DUAT was accommodated by the Project, but there is
	no possibility of opening <i>machambas</i> within the DUAT, due to the safety risks and the
	fact that the soils outside of the area of establishment of the plant, including the security
	zones around it, are not the most adequate for the practice of agriculture. Finally, it
	would not be legitimate to attribute spaces to the community in areas in which they
	would not be able to hold DUATs, being that in that case they would not have security of

tenure of the respective land.

At the end of the Questions and Answers Session the National Director addressed the participants and, by way of conclusion, thanked them for the contributions presented, mentioning that, in his view, opportunities had been created for the community to present its concerns in a mutual learning exercise which enables the community to influence the running of the events. Emphasized that infrastructures will be established for the benefit of all the Afungi communities as only in that manner will they be put to the appropriate use.

At the close of the meeting, the Administrator thanked all the participants for their presence and appealed for the Project to take into consideration the recommendations made, so that this process runs in conformity with the aspirations of all the stakeholders.

There being nothing further, the consultation meeting ended when it was 1:30 PM and the present Minutes of the Third Public Consultation Meeting in the Senga community were drawn up, which will be signed and witnessed by the representatives of the Government, of the Proponents and of the community.

Government of Palma District			
Mr. Pedro Romão Jemusse	Mr. Amade Omar Mpoto		
(Administrator of the Palma District)	(Head of the Mute Locality)		
Government of Cabo Delgado Province			
Mr. Ramiro Juni Nguiraze			
(Director - DIPREME)			
Central Government Body			
Mr. Arlindo Dgedge			
National Director of Territorial Planning and			
Resettlement			
Anadarko Moçambique, Área 1, Limitada			
Mr. Alcido Maússe	Mr. Sérgio Tomás de Barros		

(Director of Government Relations and Social	(Resettlement Process Manager)
Affairs)	
ENI East Africa SpA Moçambique	
Mr. Herculano Vilanculo	
(Representative of Social Projects)	
Empresa Nacional de Hidrocarbonetos (ENH)	
Mr. Julião Nhaquila	
(Responsible for Social Projects)	
Senga Community	
Mr. Tomás Pessa	Mr. Anselmo Yassine
(Community Leader)	(Chairman of the Community Resettlement
	Committee)
Mrs. Matilde Cândido	Mr. Nico Mateus Fundi

(Vice Chairman of the Community	(Secretary of the Community Resettlement
Resettlement Committee)	Committee)
Mrs. Ernestina Nkeca	Mrs. Justina Garcia
(Member of the Community Resettlement	(Member of the Community Resettlement
Committee)	Committee)
Mrs. N´Nai Selemane	Mr. Issa Ali
(Member of the Community Resettlement	(Member of the Community Resettlement
Committee)	Committee)
Mr. Abdala Mbemba	Mr. Jonas Rachide
(Member of the Community Resettlement	(Member of the Community Resettlement
Committee)	Committee)
Mr. Issa Assumane	Mr. Daniel Ernesto
(Member of the Community Resettlement	(Member of the Community Resettlement
Committee)	Committee)
,	,

Mr. Macoti Mfaume	Mr. Ali Saíde
(Member of the Community Resettlement	(Member of the Community Resettlement
Committee)	Committee)
Mr. Zacarias Jonas	Mr. Muemede Sumail
(Member of the Community Resettlement	(Member of the Community Resettlement
Committee)	Committee)